

## What is SARE?

Since 1988, the Sustainable Agriculture Research & Education (SARE) program has been the go-to USDA grants and outreach program for farmers, ranchers, researchers and educators who want to develop innovations that improve farm profitability, protect water and land, and revitalize communities. To date, SARE has awarded over \$6.4 million to more than 97 initiatives [1].

### SARE is grassroots with far-reaching impact

Four regional councils of expert practitioners set priorities and make grants in every state and island protectorate.

### SARE communicates results

SARE shares project results by requiring grantees to conduct outreach and grower engagement; and by maintaining an online library of practical publications, grantee-produced information products and other educational materials.

## SARE: Advancing the Frontier of Sustainable Agriculture in...

# South Carolina

### Project Highlight: *Fruit Bagging Reduce Reliances on Pesticides*

When Clemson University fruit specialist Juan Carlos Melgar suggested putting a paper bag over a peach to detract insects and diseases during production, farmers laughed. But when his SARE-funded trials showed that the technique protects the fruit from devastating brown rot, marauding insects like plum curculio and even hungry birds, producers and backyard growers started paying attention.

Researchers found that bagging peaches between petal fall and harvest reduces pesticide use while increasing yields and maintaining flavor. Even though it involves more labor, Melgar estimated that bagging can increase revenue by \$95 per tree in an organic system when the fruit is sold directly to consumers. "We've gotten a lot of positive responses from farmers all over the country as a result of the research study," said Melgar.

Fruit bagging for protection is a common strategy in Asia. With South Carolina ranked second in the nation behind California in peach production at 77,000 tons, researchers at Clemson felt that applying the technique to orchards was a worthwhile endeavor because peach growers in the southeastern U.S. face very high pest and disease pressures. Melgar is taking this research to a regional level with a newly acquired \$1 million USDA-NIFA grant, applying the technique to more orchards in South Carolina, Georgia and Florida.

For more information on this project, see [sare.org/projects](http://sare.org/projects), and search for project number OS16-094.

## SARE in South Carolina

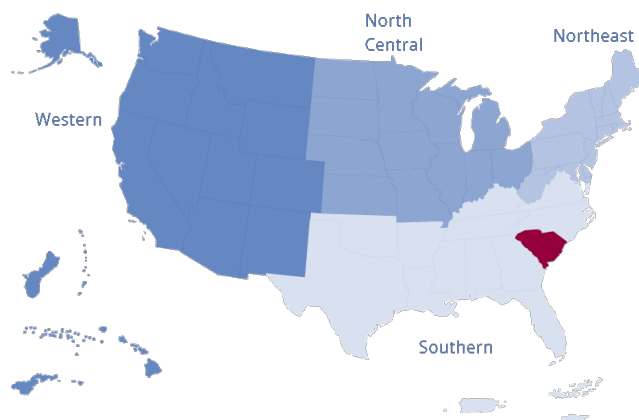
[southern.sare.org/state-profiles/south-carolina/](http://southern.sare.org/state-profiles/south-carolina/)

**\$6,361,173**  
**in total funding**

**97 grant projects**

(since 1988 [1])

For a complete list of South Carolina grant projects, go to [projects.sare.org/state-fact-sheets/](http://projects.sare.org/state-fact-sheets/)



[1] These totals reflect available data; complete information may not be available for all grant programs prior to 2016.

# SARE in South Carolina, 2020–2025

This is a summary of recent SARE-funded activities and impacts in the state. To search all SARE projects visit [projects.sare.org](https://projects.sare.org). For a list of all projects in South Carolina visit [projects.sare.org/state-fact-sheets/](https://projects.sare.org/state-fact-sheets/).

## Grants awarded

Total awards: **32 grants**

- 4 Farmer/Rancher
- 8 Research and Education
- 4 Professional Development Program
- 1 On Farm Research/Partnership
- 4 Graduate Student
- 8 PDP State Program [2]
- 3 Education Only

Total funding: **\$3,610,164**

\$55,435	Farmer/Rancher
\$2,822,107	Research and Education
\$309,962	Professional Development Program
\$20,000	On Farm Research/Partnership
\$57,383	Graduate Student
\$209,777	PDP State Program [2]
\$135,500	Education Only

[2] The Professional Development Program (PDP) State Program is a non-competitive award that funds the activities of the state coordinator(s). See more below.

For a complete list of South Carolina awards, visit:  
[projects.sare.org/state-fact-sheets/](https://projects.sare.org/state-fact-sheets/)

## Farmer and rancher impacts

SARE grantees have reported the following impacts from their projects:

**1,800 farmers participated in a SARE-funded project**

**199 farmers reported a change in knowledge, awareness, skills or attitude**

**25 farmers changed a practice**



Learn about local impacts at:  
[southern.sare.org/sare-in-your-state/south-carolina/](https://southern.sare.org/sare-in-your-state/south-carolina/)

## Contact Your SARE State Coordinator

SARE sustainable ag coordinators run state-level educational programs for Extension and other ag professionals, and many help grant applicants and recipients with planning and outreach. Visit [southern.sare.org/state-profiles/south-carolina/](https://southern.sare.org/state-profiles/south-carolina/) to learn more.

John Andrae  
Clemson University  
(864) 656-4080  
[jandrae@clemson.edu](mailto:jandrae@clemson.edu)

Kelly Flynn  
Clemson University  
(864) 656-5057  
[kgilker@clemson.edu](mailto:kgilker@clemson.edu)

Joshua Idassi  
South Carolina State University  
(803) 878-9038  
[jidassi@scsu.edu](mailto:jidassi@scsu.edu)



National Institute of Food and Agriculture  
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

SARE is funded by the USDA's National Institute of Food and Agriculture (NIFA).